

MONSOON RESPONSE IN ROHINGYA REFUGEE CAMPS WEEKLY UPDATE | 27 June to 04 July 2019

Cox's Bazar, Bangladesh

I - SITUATION OVERVIEW

- During the reporting period, from 27 June 18:00 to 4 July 18:00, monsoon-related events affected over 10,600 refugees. One 7 year old boy drowned following heavy rain. Rainfall peaked¹ in the 72 hours between 2 to 4 July, resulting in incidents in all 34 camps.
- Several facilities were damaged, including over 100 education facilities and at least 170 shelters. Response activities were hampered by heavy rainfall.
- The Monsoon Season in Bangladesh officially started on 17 June. However, monsoon-related incidents have been recorded in the Rohingya refugee camps since April². Cumulatively, since 21 April, at least 32,900 refugees have been affected by landslides/erosions, wind, storm and rain.

II - KEY FIGURES

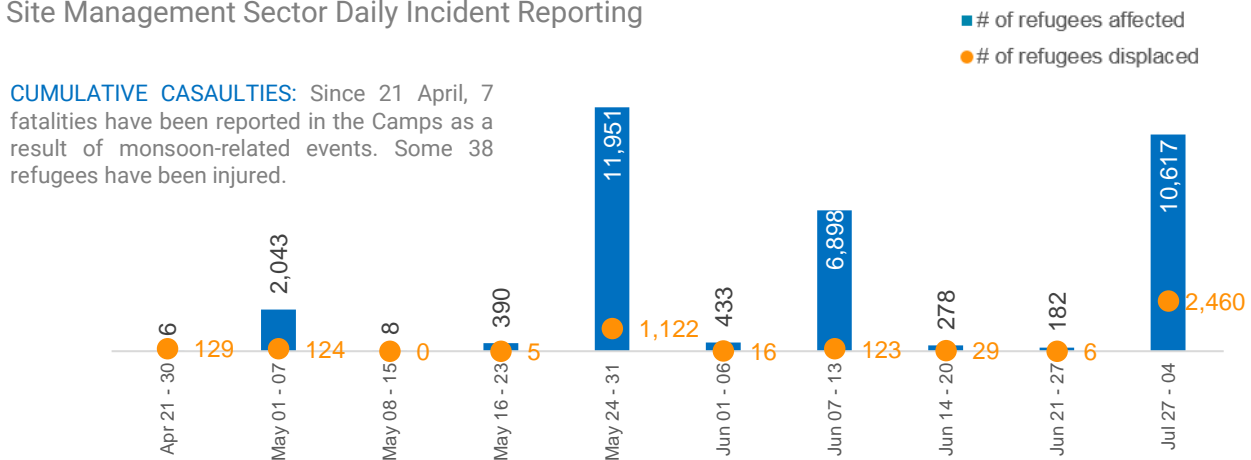
Incidents³ reported in Camps this week

Site Management Sector Daily Incident Reporting

10,617 Refugees Affected	01 Refugee Fatality	13 Refugees Injured	2,457 Refugees Displaced
3,379 Refugees affected by 30 landslides/erosions	6,365 Refugees affected by 36 events of wind/storms/rain	873 Refugees affected by floods	0 Refugees affected by lightning

Cumulative incidents reported in Camps since April

Site Management Sector Daily Incident Reporting



CUMULATIVE CASUALTIES: Since 21 April, 7 fatalities have been reported in the Camps as a result of monsoon-related events. Some 38 refugees have been injured.

¹ Over 370mm of rain was reported in Kutupalong between 2 to 4 April alone, exceeding the GSB/UNDP rain gauge alert threshold of 350mm within 72h.

² The Site Management Sector Daily Incident Reports started tracking the impact of monsoon-related events on 21 of April.

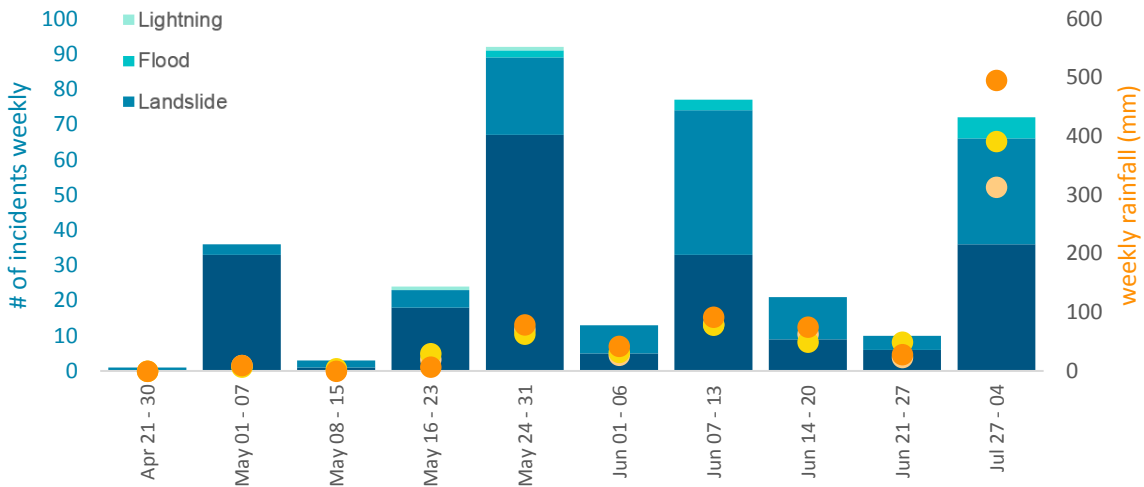
³ All numbers are indicative only, as reported to the Site Management Sectors following rapid assessments carried out on the day of the incident. The numbers are not verified.

III - WEATHER IMPACT ANALYSIS

Cumulative precipitation compared to number and type of incidents reported by rain gauge (GSB/UNDP)

● Camp 16 ● Kutupalong ● Chakmarkul

Site Management Sector Daily Incident Reporting

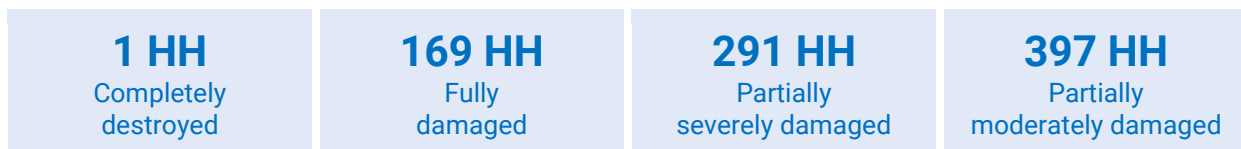


IV - NEEDS AND RESPONSE TO WEATHER-RELATED INCIDENTS

Incidents and damages as verified by the sectors.

SHELTER

During this week Site Management Sector partners reported over 1,900 shelters as partly or fully damaged. From these shelters, 858 were verified as damaged:



Assistance has been provided to 522 households. Provision of assistance and verifications of remaining damaged shelters is ongoing. However, provision of assistance and verification has been delayed due to heavy rain causing additional damage.

WASH

Damage and contamination of WASH infrastructure was reported in camp 13, 16 and 18, affecting over 1,800 people. Some 6 water points required decontamination in camp 13 and 16, while 19 latrines and 8 bathing spaces required repair works in camp 18.

HEALTH

Despite increased rainfall during the reporting period, there was no significant reported weather impact on health service delivery and no reported facility closures or damage.

PROTECTION

- During the reporting week, 4 Protection Emergency Response Units (PERU) teams were deployed to support multi-sectoral teams in response to needs arising as a result of the monsoon damages.
- In line with the Protection Sector's Strategy to place communities at the center of the response, self-organized refugees have implemented 242 community projects; thereby contributing to monsoon preparedness as well as responding to monsoon-related challenges.

Child Protection Sub-Sector (CPSS)

- During the reporting period, one child drowned and 2 children were injured. One 5 year old almost drowned, before being rescued by a volunteer. Some 37 children and their families were displaced to temporary shelters in Child Protection (CP) partner offices and facilities.
- Some 15 CP facilities were damaged. One playground was submerged due to heavy rainfall.
- On-going construction work, accompanied by heavy trucks, further impact the state of the already muddy roads. This poses a risk to men, women and children.

FOOD SECURITY

Some 6,400 individuals affected by heavy rains received High Energy Biscuits (HEB), and 3,100 hot meals. Camp 9 and Camp 10 were the most affected by the heavy rains.

EDUCATION

Some 123 education facilities were damaged following landslides and floods. Although the facilities remained functional, significant repairs were required. Education partners have started repairs of several facilities.

COMMUNICATION WITH COMMUNITIES (CWC)

The CwC Working Group, through its Health Risk Communication Taskforce, has initiated a campaign in all camps on promoting key hygiene practices and health seeking behaviors with a particular focus on AWD prevention. In coordination with the Health and WASH sector and Community Health Working Group, relevant messages and materials for the campaign have been finalized and shared with relevant bodies.