

## HIGHLIGHTS

- Recent flash floods are causing displacement and livelihood damages in many parts of the country.
- Shebelle zone of Somali region is the worst-affected with nearly 26,000 households displaced by floods.



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## 26,000 households displaced by flash floods in Shebelle zone of Somali region

Moderate to heavy *gu* rains in some parts of Somali region and reinforced heavy rains in Bale highlands of Oromia region resulted in severe flooding in the first week of April. A multi-sector joint rapid flood assessment conducted in Shebelle zone from 9 to 24 April 2018 identified six woredas as severely affected by recent flash floods. The worst affected woredas are those on downstream areas such as Kalafo, Mustahil and Ferfer which are currently cut - off by flood waters. Beracno and East-Imay are also among the most flood affected woredas. The most affected communities have no access to basic services and markets.

## FIGURES

|  |         |
|--|---------|
| Affected population                          | 7.88 m  |
| MAM  | 3.5 m   |
| SAM  | 350,000 |
| # of people displaced due to conflict        | 1.2 m   |
| # of people displaced due to climatic shocks | 0.5 m   |

## FUNDING

### US\$1.658 billion

Requirement for 2018 Ethiopia Humanitarian and Disaster Resilience Plan



Figure 1 In Cherati woreda, WFP truck gets stuck in mud in the road to Hargelle, Afder zone.

### Level of flood damages

Some 5,113 houses in Mustahil, Kalafo and Ferfer woredas have been destroyed. A total 72 schools/ABEs have been affected (43 in Kelafo, 14 Mustahil, 2 Ferfer 9 Ber'ano, and 4 Adadle woredas. Some 36 health facilities (HC 3 and HPs 33) have been affected. The assessment found out shortage of all types of medical supplies drugs, equipment, RUFT, mosquito nets, AWD drugs and malaria drugs reported. Some 6,648 latrines were destroyed by flood (2,175 in Kalafo, 4,448 in Mustahil and 25 pits in Adadle woredas).

## HIGHLIGHTS

- Oromia and SNNP commence return of conflict IDPs in West Gujji and Gedeo zones

### Immediate needs

While more than 27,000 households need emergency relief food, over 16,000 displaced households need immediate shelter and NFIs. Serious damage of most of the water sources by the recent floods calls for urgent Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WaSH) response including distribution of water purifications chemicals, distribution of jerry cans and buckets, on the spot chlorination of flood water in these woredas, particularly in Mustahil and Kelafo. It is also crucial to strengthen hygiene and sanitation measures and awareness and construct temporary latrines in evacuation sites in Deka and kalabeydh. Urgent interventions in the areas of safe drinking water and hygiene and sanitation are crucial to prevent the outbreak of water borne related diseases and the re-emergence of AWD in the three woredas of Kalafo, Mustahil, and Ferfer which have been the epicenter of the recurrent AWD outbreaks in the last couple of months.

### NDRMC's operations by air to affected communities

On 05-06 May 2018, the National Disaster Risk Management Commission (NDRMC) dispatched supplies from Adama hub to Gode using one aircraft and two helicopters from the Ethiopian Airforce. The two helicopters then moved supplies from Gode and delivered food to more than 96,000 people and non-food items to 10,000 most affected by flood in Kelafo, Mustahil and Ferfer zones of the region. However, immediate needs remain.

## Oromia and SNNP commence return of conflict IDPs in West Gujji and Gedeo zones

At least 200,000 people have been reportedly displaced to and from Gedeo and West Gujji zones following conflict that started on 13 April 2018 between ethnic Oromos from West Gujji of Oromia region and Gedeos from SNNP region. Since then, the Oromia and SNNP regional Governments are working jointly to return the displaced to their places of origin. Reconciliation conferences are underway in both West Gujji and Gedeo zones to restore peace and security situation and ensure safe return of the displaced. However, the majority of the displaced are still residing in selected sites and within the host community and are in dire need of food and non-food items assistance as well as health and sanitation services.

The National Disaster Risk Management Commission has dispatched rice, CSB, oil, iscuits and blankets in both zones and distribution is ongoing. Current heavy rains in West Gujji zone has made dispatch of resources difficult particularly in Birbisa Kojowa and Hamballa Wamana woredas leaving roads impassable for humanitarian trucks. Government and partners are assessing the actual number of needs and will continue to provide coordinated support accordingly.

| Zone       | Woreda                             | Rice (MT) | CSB (MT) | Oil (MT) | Plastic sheet | Blanket | Biscuit (Carton) |
|------------|------------------------------------|-----------|----------|----------|---------------|---------|------------------|
| West Gujji | Bule Hora                          | 210       | 30.5     | 8.7      | —             | —       | —                |
|            | Gallana                            | 62.4      | 7.5      | 2.16     | —             | —       | —                |
|            | Karcha                             | 373       | 45.2     | 12.9     | 3522          | 1500    | —                |
|            | Birbisa Kojowa and Hambella Wamana | 93        | 11.2     | 3.2      | —             | —       | —                |
| Gedeo      | Gedeb                              | 1316      | 159.4    | 45.54    | —             | —       | 1012             |

Figure 2 Ongoing Government response to conflict IDPs in West Gujji and Gedeo zones

**HIGHLIGHTS**

- Government and partners conducting humanitarian response monitoring survey
- Some 150, 000 Ethiopian migrants returned from the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (KSA)

## Government and partners conducting humanitarian response monitoring survey

OCHA Ethiopia in collaboration with the National Disaster Risk Management Commission, regional disaster prevention and preparedness bureaus as well as cluster coordinators is conducting a call around survey from 02-08 May 2018. The purpose of the survey is to collect and analyze data on humanitarian situation, needs and response in woredas to inform government and partners' response to humanitarian needs. The survey covers 217 priority 1 *woredas* and selected priority 2 *woredas* which host internally displaced persons in Afar, Amhara, Gambella, Oromia, SNNP and Tigray regions.

## Some 150, 000 Ethiopian migrants returned from the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (KSA)

According to the weekly update by the International Organization for Migration (IOM) as at 01 May 2018, an estimated 150,000 irregular Ethiopian migrants have returned from KSA. IOM together with the Ethiopian Red Cross Society and the Danish Red Cross has been providing assistance to voluntary returnees and deportees from Bole International Airport. Some US\$25 million is required for immediate post-arrival and reintegration needs of the most vulnerable. Meanwhile the Saudi authorities said they had arrested nearly one million people between 18-22 April 2018 of which 39 per cent were Ethiopians.

### Ethiopia: 2018 HDRP Funding Update (as of 02 May 2018)

#### Requirements and confirmed funding per sector - \$million



#### Requirements and confirmed funding per pillar - \$million



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