



PEOPLE IN NEED

142.8M

PEOPLE TO RECEIVE AID ¹

107.4M

COUNTRIES AFFECTED ²

57

GHO FUNDING REQUIRED

\$26.42B

GHO FUNDING RECEIVED

\$4.91B

GHO FUNDING COVERAGE

18.6%

GLOBAL HUMANITARIAN FUNDING ³

\$7.67B

OF WHICH:
GHO FUNDING

\$4.91B



OUTSIDE FUNDING

\$2.76B

Update on Appeals coordinated by the UN

The **Global Humanitarian Overview** published on 4 December announced funding requirements of \$21.9 billion for 21 Humanitarian Response Plans and the Venezuela Regional Refugee and Migrant Response Plan. By the end of May, the requirements had reached \$26.42 billion. The change in requirements since last month is mainly due to the finalization of the Sudan HRP (\$1.15 billion) and a \$103.7 million increase for Mozambique.

As at the end of May, **142.8 million people are estimated to be in need in 57 countries**, a slight increase from last month. **The plans aim to provide aid to 107.4 million people.**

The **Somalia Drought Response Plan** was issued on 20 May following the failure of the 2019 *Gu'* rains (April – June), a poor 2018 *Deyr* season (October – December) and abnormally hot and dry conditions during the 2019 *Jilaal* season (January – March) which caused widespread crop failure and accelerated decline in livestock productivity. Out of 5.4 million people expected to be acutely food insecure by July, 2.2 million will be in severe acute

food insecurity conditions (IPC 3 and above), a 40 per cent increase from January this year. This situation comes two years after the prolonged 2016/2017 drought which destroyed livelihoods and displaced almost one million Somalis. A massive and successful scale up in humanitarian response averted famine in 2017/2018, but once again, Somalia requires significant financial resources to prevent a return to the precipice of 2017 and enable aid agencies to immediately extend response in areas hardest hit by the drought. The Somalia Drought Response Plan requires \$710.5 million to assist 4.5 million of the most vulnerable and food insecure people.⁴

Although it is outside the timeframe covered by this GHO update, it should be noted that on 5 June, the Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF) allocated \$45 million to immediately scale up food and nutrition assistance, safe water provision, livelihoods protection, and other urgent humanitarian support to drought-affected people across parts of Somalia, Ethiopia and Kenya who are facing acute food problems following another season of failed rains. Two-thirds of the allocation (\$30 million) will go to the humanitarian response in Somalia.

¹ In the context of response plans covered by the GHO, the figure for people to receive aid is always a subset of the figure for the number of people in need, as it is the result of collective response analysis taking into consideration humanitarian access, response capacity of partners, and responses planned/anticipated by humanitarian actors outside of the appeal.

² These 57 countries comprise the HRP countries, countries covered by the Syria 3RP, regional refugee response plans for Burundi, DRC, Nigeria, South Sudan, sixteen countries covered by the Venezuela Regional Refugee and Migrant Response Plan, as well as countries with appeals denoted as other. The number is an increase from 55 last month due to a review of countries covered in the regional plans.

³ Global humanitarian funding includes support to organisations and activities in UN-coordinated plans, as well as reported funding for the Red Cross / Red Crescent Movement, in-kind assistance, bilateral funding and others.

⁴ The requirements for this plan are included in the Somalia HRP for \$1.08 billion which was only funded 21.7% at the end of May.

The UN acknowledges the generous contributions of donors who provide unearmarked or core funding to humanitarian partners, the Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF) and Country-based pooled funds (CBPF).

The [Mozambique Humanitarian Response Plan \(HRP\)](#) – originally developed to cover the most immediate and life-saving needs arising from Cyclone Idai in March and the pre-existing needs in drought-affected areas – was revised from \$337.2 million to \$440.9 million following Cyclone Kenneth which made landfall on 25 April in Cabo Delgado province. The revised plan aims to assist 2.4 million people of the 2.6 million people in need. The cyclones have compounded an already serious food insecurity situation in Mozambique, particularly since they occurred during the critical harvest period. They also significantly exacerbated protection risks, including sexual and gender-based violence, loss of personal documentation and negative coping strategies, and issues related to land and property rights. In addition to meeting immediate needs, the revised HRP will also allow partners to immediately kick-start crucial recovery actions to begin restoring livelihoods and self-reliance, which will continue beyond the three-month horizon.

The [Libya \(Tripoli\) Flash Appeal](#) for \$10.2 million was issued on 18 April to assist 100,000 people. As of 24 May, at least 82,300 people were displaced and 3,400 refugees and migrants, in detention centres were exposed to or at risk of conflict. The plan aims to support highly vulnerable people affected by the current crisis, while enabling partners to prepare for increasing needs based on the current situation and scenario planning. The Flash Appeal is in addition to the Libya HRP for \$201.6 million to assist more than 550,000 people across Libya.

The [Sudan Humanitarian Response Plan](#) for \$1.15 billion to assist 4.4 million people was published on 22 May. Sudan is still one of the world's largest protracted humanitarian crises; since 2018, it has been beset by an economic crisis characterised by spiraling inflation, bread, cash and fuel shortages, and a growing number of people faced with failed livelihoods, poverty and resorting to extreme coping mechanisms. The 2019 HRP was designed to prioritize life-saving response across the country, as well as to bolster essential services and livelihoods in the most severely affected areas.

News from the pooled funds

The **Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF)** allocated an additional \$13 million this month in rapid response funds for the Comoros and Mozambique after Cyclone Kenneth.

The first CERF Underfunded Emergencies Round is now complete with a total of \$124.8 million disbursed to 13 chronic emergencies.

A total of \$102.7 million were allocated from ten **Country-based Pooled Funds (CBPFs)** this month. The highest allocations are for the responses in Somalia (\$31.1 million), CAR (\$18.9 million), Yemen (\$15.5 million), DRC (\$12.8 million) and Nigeria (\$8.4 million). The total amount allocated in 2019 stands at \$325.7 million.

News from pledging conferences

The first ever international conference to end sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV) in humanitarian crises was held in Oslo, 23-24 May. The Governments of Norway, Iraq, Somalia and the United Arab Emirates, as well as OCHA, UNFPA and ICRC, with support from Norwegian Church Aid, hosted the conference "Ending Sexual and Gender-Based Violence in Humanitarian Crises". The conference brought together SGBV survivors and specialists, members of 167 national and 76 international civil society organizations, the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement, representatives from 100 Member States, global leaders and regional and international organizations. In addition to political, policy and best practice commitments, **21 donors committed \$363 million for 2019 and 2020 and beyond** for activities to respond to and prevent SGBV. Of this amount, \$226.2 million was announced for 2019 alone. Donors also called attention to their core and unearmarked funding for humanitarian partners working to prevent and respond to SGBV, as well as funding to the Central Emergency Response Fund and country-based pool funds.

Announcements at the conference were related to a wide range of financial support, including: UN-coordinated inter-agency humanitarian appeals; NGOs and civil society; the GBV Area of Responsibility (AoR); system strengthening and standby partner mechanisms; the UNFPA Humanitarian Action Thematic Fund; and ICRC / IFRC / National Societies. Together these mechanisms provide resources for SGBV coordination and risk mitigation strategies; SGBV preparedness measures including contingency and preparedness planning; SGBV-dedicated programmes in inter-agency plans; funding for establishing life-saving SGBV response and services at the onset of an emergency; and strengthening frontline service providers, especially local actors/organizations and women's groups, to enhance the quality of care and to mitigate risks.

For more information about the \$660 million that is needed this year to fund programmes combating SGBV in UN-coordinated inter-agency humanitarian response plans, [click here](#).

For details on the announcements made, [click here](#).

Funding overview: 31 May 2019

GHO funding progress

TO RECEIVE AID	COUNTRY	MULTI-YEAR PLANS	FUNDING REQUIRED	FUNDING RECEIVED ⁵	POOLED FUND SUPPORT	FUNDED	REQUIRED	%
4.5 M	Afghanistan	2018-2021	\$611.8 M	\$131.4 M	CBPF			21.5%
710 k	Burundi		\$106.3 M	\$23.1 M	CERF			21.7%
2.3 M	Cameroon	2017-2020	\$298.9 M	\$45.3 M	CERF			15.1%
1.7 M	CAR	2017-2019	\$430.7 M	\$131.6 M	CBPF			30.6%
2.0 M	Chad	2017-2019	\$476.6 M	\$109.7 M	CERF			23.0%
9.0 M	DRC	2017-2019	\$1.65 B	\$267.3 M	CBPF CERF			16.2%
8.3 M	Ethiopia		\$1.31 B	\$135.6 M	CBPF			10.3%
1.3 M	Haiti	2019-2020	\$126.2 M	\$13.4 M	CERF			10.6%
1.8 M	Iraq		\$701.2 M	\$78.0 M	CBPF			11.1%
552 k	Libya ⁶		\$201.6 M	\$21.2 M	CERF			10.5%
460 k	Madagascar FA		\$32.4 M	\$6.7 M	CERF			20.7%
2.3 M	Mali		\$296.5 M	\$64.7 M				21.8%
2.4 M	Mozambique		\$440.9 M	\$143.2 M	CERF			32.5%
941 k	Myanmar		\$202.2 M	\$48.5 M	CBPF CERF			24.0%
1.6 M	Niger		\$383.1 M	\$59.0 M	CERF			15.4%
6.2 M	Nigeria	2019-2021	\$847.7 M	\$215.8 M	CBPF			25.5%
1.4 M	oPt	2018-2020	\$350.6 M	\$70.0 M	CBPF CERF			20.0%
4.5 M	Somalia ⁷	2019-2020	\$1.08 B	\$234.2 M	CBPF CERF			21.7%
5.7 M	South Sudan		\$1.51 B	\$357.8 M	CBPF CERF			23.7%
4.4 M	Sudan	2017-2019	\$1.15 B	\$252.8 M	CBPF CERF			22.0%
11.7 M	Syria		\$3.32 B	\$561.8 M	CBPF			16.9%
5.6 M	Syria 3RP	2019-2020	\$5.51 B	\$741.7 M	CBPF			13.4%
2.3 M	Ukraine		\$161.7 M	\$19.8 M	CBPF CERF			12.3%
2.2 M	Venezuela RMRP		\$737.6 M	\$157.6 M				21.4%
21.4 M	Yemen		\$4.19 B	\$945.7 M	CBPF CERF			22.6%
2.2 M	Zimbabwe FA		\$293.9 M	\$75.0 M	CERF			25.5%

Other plans ⁸

380 k	Burundi RRP ⁹		\$292.9 M	\$52.3 M				17.9%
1.2 M	DRC RRP ⁹		\$615.6 M	\$117.0 M				19.0%
228 k	Nigeria RRP ⁹		\$136.5 M	\$56.7 M				41.5%
2.8 M	South Sudan RRP ⁹		\$1.37 B	\$276.8 M				20.3%
1.2 M	Bangladesh		\$920.5 M	\$200.4 M	CERF			21.8%
900 k	Burkina Faso		\$100.3 M	\$37.7 M				37.5%
3.8 M	DPR Korea		\$120.3 M	\$14.3 M	CERF			11.9%
115 k	Iran		\$25.0 M	\$4.2 M	CERF			16.7%
3.1 M	Pakistan		\$202.0 M	\$22.5 M	CBPF			11.2%

⁵ As reported by donors and recipients to FTS.

⁶ Does not include the Tripoli Flash Appeal requirements of \$10.2 million which will be integrated into the Libya HRP shortly.

⁷ The requirements (\$710.5 M) for the Somalia Drought Response Plan are part of the HRP requirements.

⁸ Contributions received towards these plans are counted as global humanitarian funding.

⁹ Funding for the Regional Refugee Response Plans (RRP) as per [UNHCR reports](#), 31 May 2019.

Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF)

ALLOCATIONS
IN MAY ¹⁰

\$47.6M

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS
IN 2019











\$317.0M

OF WHICH:
RAPID RESPONSE

\$192.2M

UNDERFUNDED EMERGENCY

\$124.8M

	MAY ALLOCATION		PURPOSE	WINDOW
Angola	\$6.3 M		Drought	RR
Cameroon	\$7.8 M		Protracted Emergency	UFE
Comoros	\$3.0 M		Cyclone	RR
Libya	\$2.2 M		Conflict	RR
Mozambique	\$10.0 M		Cyclone	RR
Myanmar	\$2.0 M		Internal Displacement	RR
Niger	\$1.1 M		Protracted Emergency	UFE
Uganda	\$8.8 M		Protracted Emergency	UFE
Ukraine	\$2.0 M		Protracted Emergency	UFE
Tanzania	\$4.5 M		Protracted Refugee Operation	UFE















Country-based Pooled Funds (CBPF)

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS IN 2019

\$325.7M

FUNDING BY ORGANIZATION TYPE

International NGOs **47%** UN Agencies **26%**
National NGOs **26%** Red Cross/Red Crescent **1%**

	ALLOCATIONS TO DATE IN 2019	
Afghanistan	\$6.5 M	
Central African Republic	\$20.5 M	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	\$42.0 M	
Iraq	\$36.9 M	
Jordan	\$0.1 M	
Nigeria	\$9.1 M	
occupied Palestinian territory	\$11.2 M	
Pakistan	\$4.2 M	
Somalia	\$31.2 M	
South Sudan	\$34.5 M	
Sudan	\$1.5 M	
Syria	\$11.7 M	
Turkey	\$7.3 M	
Yemen	\$108.9 M	

¹⁰ Of which, \$23.5 million of Rapid Response funds and \$24.2 million of Underfunded Emergency funds.

For real-time updates on CERF and CBPF visit:

cerf.unocha.org | pfbf.unocha.org