Update Nutrition

Food Security & Nutrition Working Group

14 Janvier 2021
GAM prevalence among children (6-59 month) passing from 8.1% in 2019 to 9.1% in 2020 in Burkina Faso, Decreasing in Chad from 12.9% to 10.0% and in Mali from 9.4% to 7.2%
In Burkina Faso

- Children aged 6 to 23 months are slightly more affected by AM (MAG 9.9% and MAS 1.1%) compared to those aged 24 to 59 months (MAG 8.8% and MAS 0.9%)
- AM prevalence among women (15 to 49 years) remained stable from 4.0% in 2019 to 4.1% in 2020. It varies from 1.7% (Cascades) to 6.3% (Hauts-Bassins)

In Chad

- Boys are more affected by AM (MAG 11.3%) compared to Girls (MAG 8.5%)

In Mali

- The prevalence of AM varies from 4% (Kidal) to 14.9% (Tombouctou). The severe form varies from 0.3 (Kayes) to 2.8% (Tombouctou)
- AM prevalences among displaced people are high; they vary from 6.4% (Gao sites) to 12.3% (Koulikoro sites),

Increase in GAM in Burkina could be explained by:
- Preventive measures against the C19 spread
- Insecurity problem
- Food insecurity
Expected GAM and SAM cases 2021

15.3 M GAM expected cases in the WCA Region

4.4 Million SAM expected cases in the WCA Region
Expected SAM cases 2021 | Focus SAHEL Countries

Compared to the average of the five past years, increase in expected SAM Cases are recorded:
- +24% in the Sahel (without Nigeria)
- +24% in the Sahel G5+1
- +7% in the Central-Sahel
UNICEF & WFP
❖ Preps HOTSPOT Analysis covering Sahel (G5+1) countries

Nutrition In Emergency Sub-Group
❖ Preps webinar “Which financing perspectives for nutrition in emergency and fragile contexts in the Sahel?”
❖ Preps “2021 Annual Workplan“
Thank you for your attention ;-)