South: Civilians killed in attack in Kandahar Province

On 15 October, scores of civilians were killed and injured after a suicide bomb attack at a Shia mosque in Police District 1 of Kandahar City; 23 civilians including women and children were injured by abandoned IEDs in rural areas during the reporting period.

On 12 October, WHO supported four mobile health teams with medicines and medical supplies in the Zaranj Milak border area in Nimroz province. These supplies will cover the needs of 8,000 people for three months.

Among 46,956 vulnerable people identified by interagency assessment teams, a total of 19,178 people were assisted with household items, hygiene kits, and tents in Kandahar, Hilmand, Zabul and Uruzgan provinces. The remaining people will receive household items in the coming days. Also, 1,942 families received cash assistance in Hilmand, Zabul, and Uruzgan provinces. This program that started in August will continue until 14 October with a target of 2,500 families to receive cash assistance.

In July, WFP launched a six-months’ seasonal support project in all provinces in the south. WFP is aiming to reach 592,956 vulnerable people (302,408 male and 290,548 female) including drought-affected people, IDPs, and returnees. So far, 324,296 vulnerable people (165,391 male and 158,905 female) received food assistance.

North-east: 165,000 people receive food assistance

Humanitarian partners continue to assess the needs of people whose houses were destroyed during the conflict in Takhar and Badakhshan provinces. 375 families (approximately 2,625 people) returnees received household items in Badakhshan province. An additional 6,013 returnees received humanitarian aid.
assistance across the North-east. A total of 164,556 vulnerable people received food assistance under the WFP seasonal assistance program in Badakhshan, Kunduz, and Takhar provinces. On 13 October, UNHAS resumed flights to Kunduz.

**North: 43,000 people receive food assistance**

During the reporting period, 3,934 people displaced by conflict in August and returnees were identified by assessment teams to be in need of humanitarian assistance in Balkh, Faryab, Jawzjan, and Sar-e-Pul provinces. A total of 43,001 vulnerable people received food for one month under the WFP seasonal livelihoods support program in Jawzjan and Sar-e-Pul provinces. A total of 3,976 people including displaced people and returnees received humanitarian assistance in Mazar-e-Sharif city of Balkh Province and in Maymana City in Faryab Province.

**East: 56,000 people receive humanitarian assistance**

On 11 October, 1,400 people were reportedly displaced in Sar Kani District in Kunar Province. Inter-agency assessment teams have been deployed to identify the needs of the affected people.

Out of 38,948 people assessed, 38,115 vulnerable people among host communities were identified to receive food assistance as part of WFP seasonal support program in Nangarhar, Laghman, and Kunar provinces. A total of 56 returnees and people affected by natural disasters were identified to receive humanitarian assistance in the East. An additional 56,315 people received immediate humanitarian assistance, including 2,100 IDPs, 259 returnees at Torkham transit center, and 53,959 vulnerable people in Nangarhar, Laghman, Nuristan and Kunar provinces.

A total of 12,703 returnees and IDPs received emergency outpatient health services and 513 children were vaccinated against polio and measles in the East. Nine mobile health teams provided nutrition support to people affected by conflict and natural disasters in Nangarhar and Kunar provinces. Among 1,746 children under five screened, 75 children suffered from severe acute malnutrition (SAM) and 1,170 children suffered from moderate acute malnutrition (MAM). Severe cases were admitted to therapeutic feeding centres for treatment. In addition, 214 children were provided with vitamin A and 1,014 pregnant and lactating women received counseling services.

**West: 2,000 people receive humanitarian assistance**

Humanitarian partners provided water, sanitation and hygiene kits to 2,094 internally displaced people in Qadis District in Badghis Province. A total of 1,734 people displaced by conflict who were identified by interagency assessment teams in August are expected to receive humanitarian assistance in the coming days.

In Farah Province, humanitarian partners identified 655 people in need of humanitarian assistance, including food, WASH and cash for health and shelter support.

**Centre: 2,800 people to receive humanitarian aid in Daykundi**

A total of 3,108 people who were displaced by conflict in August received humanitarian assistance in Kabul, Khost, and Parwan provinces. 11,935 internally displaced people present in Kabul received cash and transportation support to return to their places of origin.

In Kabul province, needs assessments are ongoing for 8,799 reportedly displaced people to receive humanitarian assistance in the coming days. In Daykundi Province, 2,856 people were identified by interagency assessment teams to receive humanitarian assistance.

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