

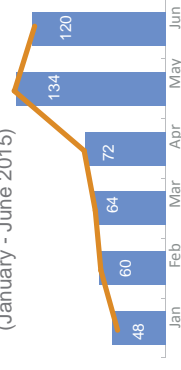


South Sudan: Humanitarian Access situation snapshot - June 2015



In the month of June, humanitarian access was mainly hampered by violence against humanitarian personnel and assets and active hostilities, with the majority of incidents occurring in Upper Nile, Central Equatoria and Unity States.

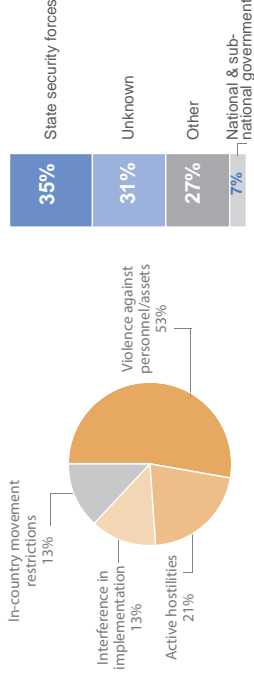
Access incidents trend
(January - June 2015)



120 incidents reported in June 2015
53% incidents were violence against personnel and assets

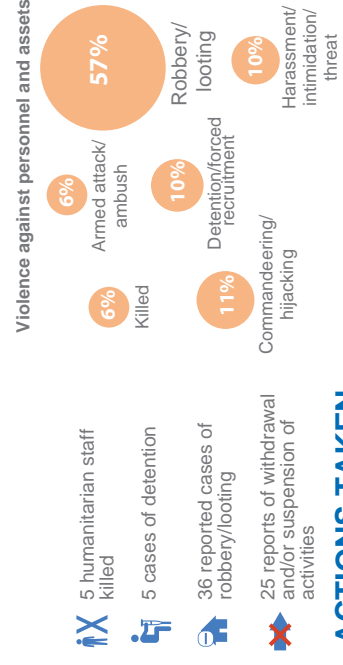
ACCESS CONSTRAINTS

ATTRIBUTED TO



IMPACT ON HUMANITARIAN RESPONSE

The total number of reported access incidents decreased from 134 in May to 120 in June. This is, however, still higher than the average of 83 incidents per month from January to June 2015, which is possibly a result of increased reporting, rather than a reflection of increased incidents*. The countries with the highest number of reported access incidents were Malakal in Upper Nile, Rubkona in Unity and Juba in Central Equatoria. Humanitarian partners reported 25 incidents of suspension of activities and/or withdrawal of staff, including due to the offensives in Unity and Upper Nile, but also due to active hostilities and insecurity in the Bahr el Ghazals and Jonglei. Five humanitarian workers were killed in Unity, Lakes and Warrap in June and 59 incidents of violence against personnel and assets were reported across the country.



ACTIONS TAKEN

The Humanitarian Country Team	extensively engaged with all parties to the conflict to inform of the impact of access constraints on humanitarian programmes
OCHA's access team	engaged with all parties to the conflict to overcome constraints and facilitate access in the most difficult to reach areas

* A dedicated access survey on Unity and Upper Nile was sent to all partners in June, which prompted an increase in incidents reported.

