

## Regional Overview

### Malawi

As of 24 Feb 2015, a total of **39** cholera cases have been confirmed, **34** cases in Nsanje district with **2 deaths** and **5 cases** in Mwanza district. All cases have been in health facilities, not in displacement sites, and have been linked to the cholera outbreak in Tete Province in Mozambique. The Health Cluster is continuing to strengthen preparedness and response capacity.

### Mozambique

A total of **4,613** cholera cases have been confirmed in **4** Provinces, with **41** deaths. Tete Province is the most affected (**2,566** cases and **22** deaths), with new cases still being reported in Tete City, and requires urgent attention. Two new additional districts have confirmed cholera cases in the past week, namely Mutarara district in Tete Province (**197** cases with **2** deaths), and Quelimane district in Zambezia Province (**86** cases). Response is ongoing.

Heavy rains and floods since Jan 2015 have affected a total of **177,888** people in **6** Provinces in northern Mozambique. Zambezia Province is the most affected with approximately **50,000** people displaced, whilst **10,126** people are still hosted in **4** accommodation centres that remain open. A total of **43,780** people displaced in Zambezia are now in new settlement areas.

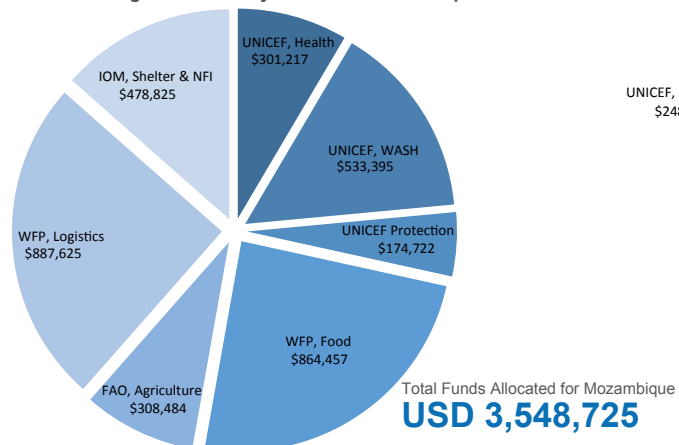
### Madagascar

The south of Madagascar is experiencing drought conditions. Humanitarian partners are supporting the national response to address the most urgent needs to save lives, however preliminary estimates indicate a funding gap of **US\$ 3 to 4 million** for food assistance to **80,000** people, active screening of acute malnutrition for around **40,000** children under **5** years, water supply to **6,000**, and agricultural inputs for over **20,000** households.

Flooding on 26 Feb 2015 affected **13** districts in Analamanga, Alaotra Mangoro and Vakinankaratra regions in central Madagascar. According to the BNGRC, **19** people have died, mainly due to landslides, and over **30,000** people are displaced in sites or with friends/families (many have been displaced pre-emptively). Around **500** houses were destroyed and about **1,600** flooded. Humanitarian partners and organizations are responding and reportedly have sufficient capacities to address the most urgent needs. However, in combination with the drought situation in the South it is estimated that funding gaps may arise in the coming weeks.

## IN FOCUS: Emergency funding in Mozambique & Malawi (CERF)

CERF Funding allocations by sector for Mozambique



CERF Funding allocations by sector for Malawi

