

Immediate actions undertaken by the Humanitarian Country Team (HCT) and Inter-cluster Coordination Group (ICCG) during a tropical cyclone event identified to have a potential significant humanitarian impact on any part of the country. Anticipatory Actions (AA) are considered as part of the Pilot Anticipatory Action implementation in the Philippines focusing on Bicol and Eastern Visayas for 2021-2022 typhoon season.

PREPAREDNESS

- > Monitor track, strength, speed, size and PAGASA Public Storm Warning Signals (PSWS).
- > Coordinate with PAGASA, DILG to access latest typhoon forecast track and DILG CODIX
- > Coordinate with IFRC/510 to generate forecast models and preliminary figures
- > Alert CERF Secretariat
- Conduct ICCG meeting and AA core group in anticipation for potential activation.
- > Coordinate with pilot LGUs on AA
- > Build mechanisms, platforms and databases for AA at the local and national level.

READINESS

Readiness trigger: Category 4¹ or 5 typhoon

Areas:

- PSWS 3 (expected to be raised)
- within the 50-kilometer radius from the center/eye of the typhoon
- coastal areas where more than 3-meter storm surge high.
- CERF Pilot Areas (Region 5 and 8)

> Government activities: (Oplan LISTO) LGUs begin to prepare ECs
 LGUs begin to preposition relief items

ACTIVATION

Activation trigger: Cat 4¹ or 5 typhoon to make landfall in Region 5 or 8; additional parameters are specified in the AA framework²

Additional parameters:

- PSWS 4 (expected to be raised)
- within the 50 km radius from the center/eye of the typhoon
- coastal areas where more than 3-meter storm surge high.
- included in the DILG CODIX Charlie list
- CERF Pilot areas (Region 5 and 8)
- Pre-emptive evacuation by LGUs

RESPONSE

Monitoring of Anticipatory Action activities

- Flash updates, HCT Situation Reports**
- Humanitarian Needs and Priorities (HNP)**

> Conduct of impact and needs analysis, define scope of assistance and timing/sequencing of interventions based on assessment

> Development of the Humanitarian Needs and Priorities document

> Share HNP to government and donors

> Activate Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF)

Anticipatory Action (AA) are actions taken before the manifestation of humanitarian need, in response to a warning or trigger, and thereby, contribute to mitigating the impact of the hazard and avoiding large-scale crises.

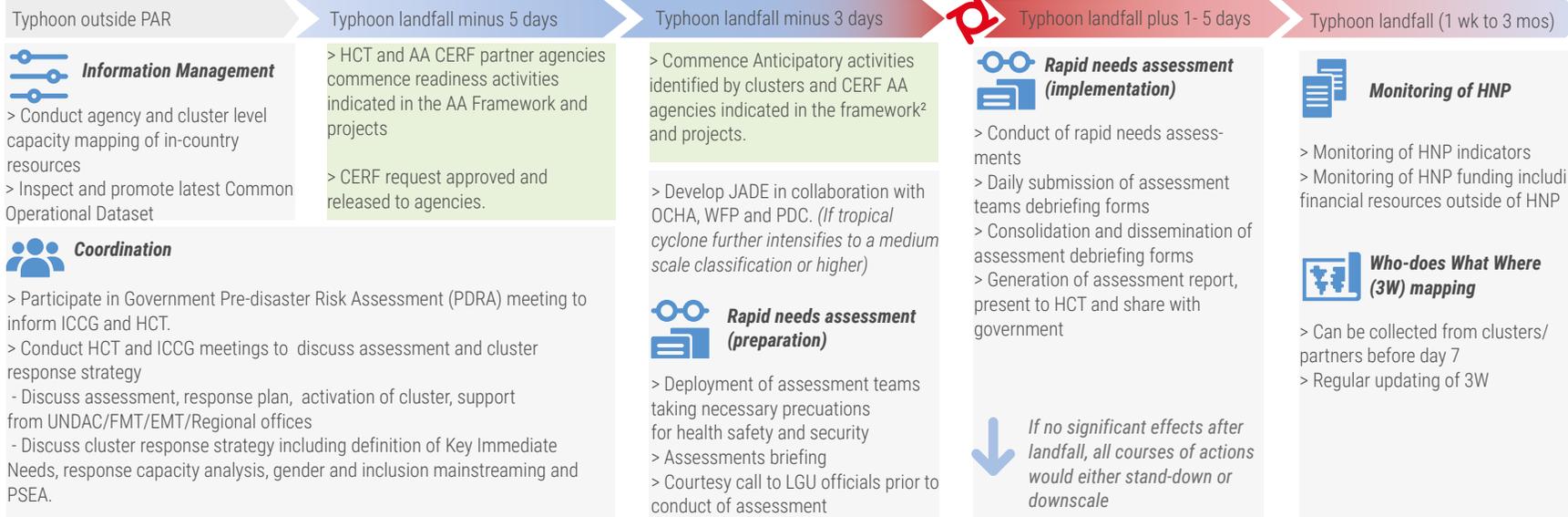
> AA Readiness trigger is reached when a typhoon is projected to reach Category 4 or higher 5 days before landfall or while outside of PAR.

> AA Activation trigger is reached when a typhoon with Category 4 or higher is projected to make landfall in 3 days within Bicol or Eastern Visayas region. Additional activation triggers are specified in the AA framework.

The Joint Analysis of Disaster Exposure (JADE) provides an overall assessment of the projected disaster impact based on available data. It is an estimation of total number of people that might be affected in areas where the disaster will most likely be severe and an estimate of the total number of people in need.

The Pre-Disaster Risk Assessment (PDRA) is a pre-disaster activity of the government to analyze risk and its possible consequences chaired by DSWD and OCD.

Key Immediate Needs (KIN) are time critical relief goods and services which if delivered at the required scale and time will have the most significant impact. The KIN analysis should aim to identify relief items and services that meet the following criteria - (a) are time-critical or high impact in terms of saving lives and reducing suffering within the initial phase of a response; (b) can be realistically provided at scale; (c) are specific enough to allow calculation of logistics and operational planning; (d) meet the self-identified priorities of the affected community.



¹<https://www.nhc.noaa.gov/aboutsshws.php>

²Anticipatory Action Framework (being finalized)

■ anticipatory action ■ humanitarian response